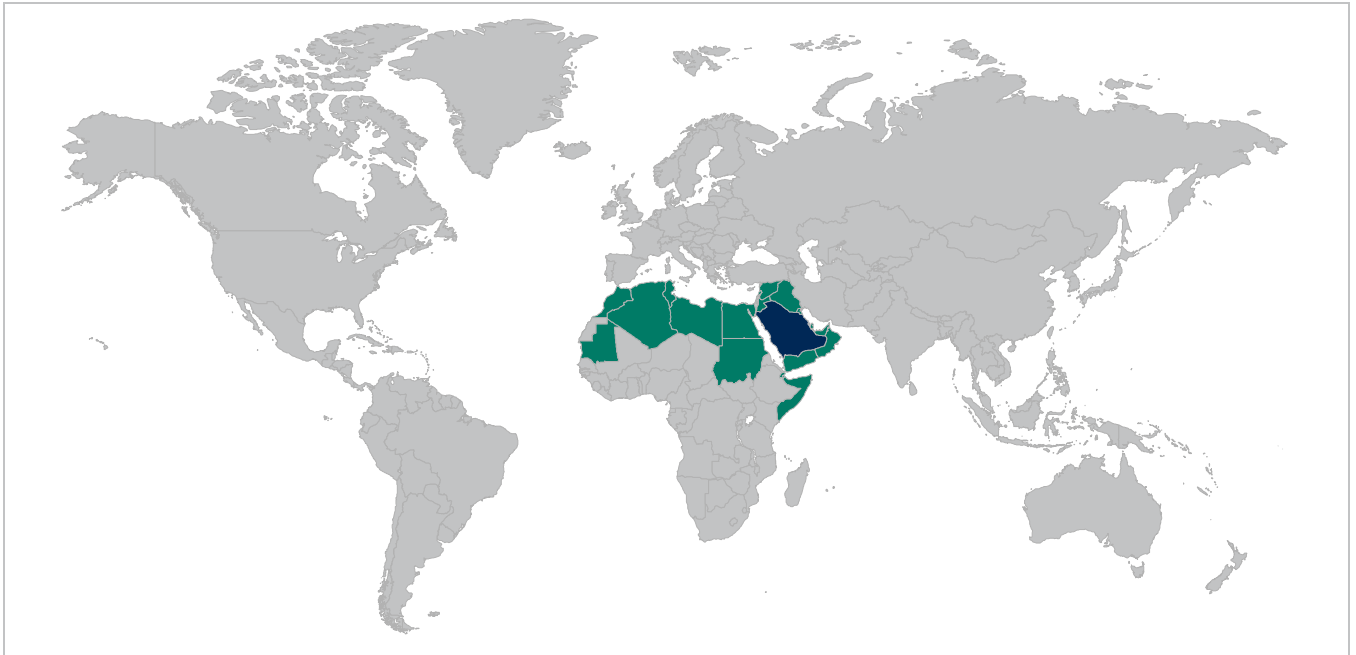


## Saudi Arabia

### Reciprocal Enforcement of Court Judgments

Jurisdictions with which Saudi Arabia has reciprocal enforcement arrangements for court judgments.

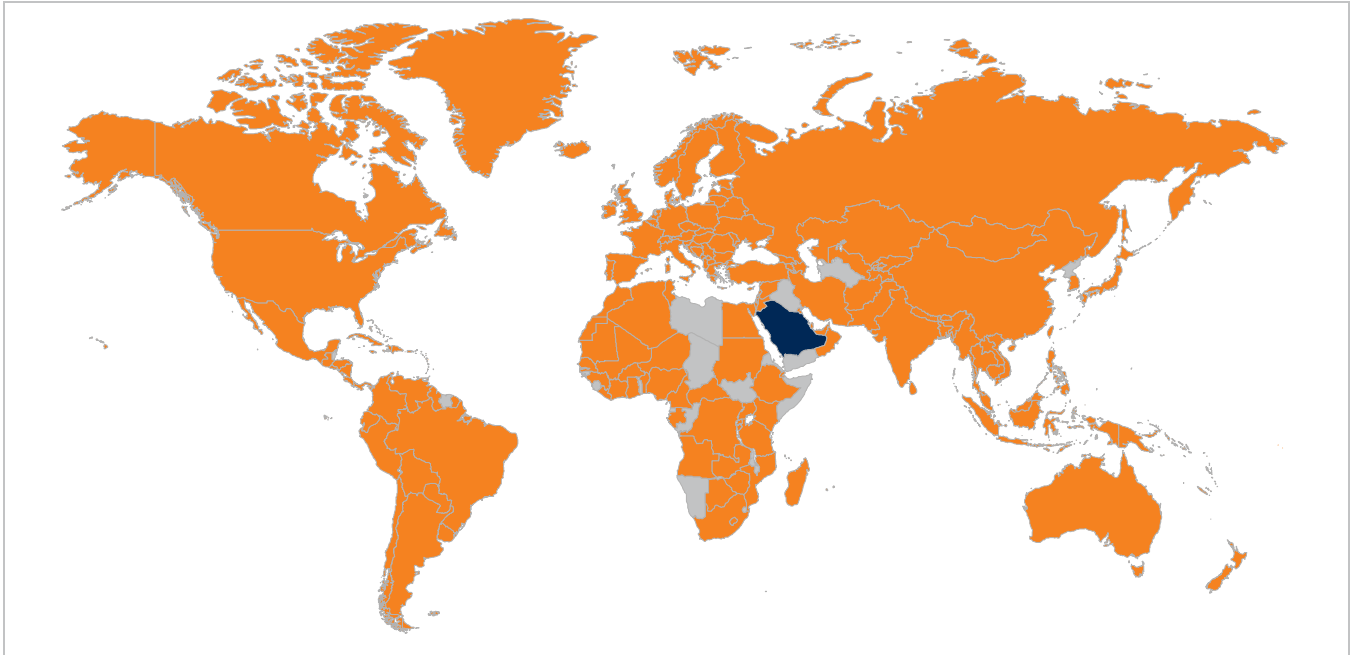


Riyadh Convention 1983			
Algeria	Palestine	Oman	
Bahrain	Qatar	Qatar	
Djibouti	Somalia	United Arab Emirates	
Egypt	Sudan		
Iraq	Syria		
Jordan	Tunisia		
Lebanon	United Arab Emirates		
Libya	Yemen		
Mauritania			
Morocco	<b>GCC Convention 1995</b>		
Oman	Bahrain		
	Kuwait		

**Important Note:** This is a simplified guide. The map above refers to jurisdictions rather than States. Some borders are disputed and the above map should not be considered an endorsement of any particular territorial claim. The above map may not cover all types of claim. Some of the arrangements depicted do not involve full reciprocity of enforcement. Reciprocal enforcement may still be possible with jurisdictions not highlighted above, depending on local and national laws. Not all dependent territories or equivalents may be shown. For Canada, India, and Australia, reciprocal arrangements may not apply to the entire territory. In some cases, judgments may only be enforceable in certain territories within a jurisdiction. Correct as at 1 September 2020.

## Reciprocal Enforcement of Arbitration Awards

Jurisdictions with which Saudi Arabia has reciprocal enforcement arrangements for arbitral awards (via the New York Convention).



Afghanistan	Botswana	Cyprus	Guam	Lebanon	Niger	Sao Tome and Principe	Ukraine
Albania	Brazil	Czech Republic	Guatemala	Lesotho	Nigeria	Scotland	United Arab Emirates
Algeria	British Virgin Islands	Denmark	Guernsey	Liberia	Norfolk Island	Senegal	United States of America
American Samoa	Brunei	Djibouti	Guinea	Liechtenstein	Northern Ireland	Serbia	Uruguay
Andorra	Bulgaria	Dominica	Guyana	Lithuania	Norway	Seychelles	US Virgin Islands
Antigua and Barbuda	Burkina Faso	Dominican Republic	Haiti	Luxembourg	Oman	Singapore	Uzbekistan
Angola	Burundi	Democratic Republic of Congo	Holy See	Macau	Pakistan	Sint Eustatius	Venezuela
Argentina	Cabo Verde	Ecuador	Honduras	Macedonia	Palau	Sint Maarten	Vietnam
Armenia	Cambodia	Egypt	Hong Kong	Madagascar	Palestine	Slovenia	Zambia
Aruba	Cameroon	El Salvador	Hungary	Malaysia	Panama	South Africa	Zimbabwe
Australia	Cayman Islands	England and Wales	Iceland	Maldives	Papua New Guinea	South Korea	
Austria	Central African Republic	Estonia	India	Mali	Paraguay	Spain	
Azerbaijan	Chile	Ethiopia*	Iran	Malta	Peru	Sri Lanka	
Bahamas	China	Fiji	Ireland	Marshall Islands	Philippines	Sudan	
Bahrain	Christmas Island	Finland	Isle of Man	Mauritania	Poland	Sweden	
Bangladesh	Cocos (Keeling) Islands	France	Israel	Mauritius	Portugal	Switzerland	
Barbados	Colombia	Gabon	Italy	Mexico	Puerto Rico	Syria	
Belarus	Comoros	Georgia	Jamaica	Moldova	Qatar	Tajikistan	
Belgium	Cook Islands	Germany	Japan	Monaco	Romania	Tanzania	
Benin	Costa Rica	Ghana	Jersey	Mongolia	Russia	Thailand	
Bermuda	Côte d'Ivoire	Gibraltar	Jordan	Montenegro	Rwanda	Trinidad and Tobago	
Bhutan	Croatia	Greece	Kazakhstan	Morocco	Saba	Tonga	
Bolivia	Cuba	Greenland	Kenya	Mozambique	Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	Tunisia	
Bonaire	Curacao		Kuwait	Myanmar	San Marino	Turkey	
Bosnia & Herzegovina			Kyrgyzstan	Nepal		Uganda	
			Laos	Netherlands			
			Latvia	New Zealand			
				Nicaragua			

\*The New York Convention will enter into force for Ethiopia on 22/11/2020.

**Important Note:** This is a simplified guide. The map above refers to jurisdictions rather than States. Some borders are disputed and the above map should not be considered an endorsement of any particular territorial claim. Not all dependent territories or equivalents may be shown. Some jurisdictions apply the New York Convention only to certain types of claim. Correct as at 1 September 2020.

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